# SUSTAINABLE G ALS



#### 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

- End poverty in all its dimensions by 2030
- · Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all
- Reduce by at least half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty by 2030
- To ensure that all men and women, particularly those in vulnerable situations, have equal rights to economic resources, access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property
- Ensure that all have access to appropriate new technology and financial services



2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

- To end hunger and ensure access by all, in particular those living in poverty as well as infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round by the year 2030
- To end all forms of malnutrition by 2030, this includes achieving, by 2025, agreed targets on preventing malnutrition in children under 5
- To address the nutritional needs of women, girls and older persons in vulnerable situations

- To double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small scale famers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers by 2030
- To implement resilient sustainable agricultural practices that increase productivity and production which in turn help maintain ecosystems
- To improve land and soil quality
- By 2020 this goal aims to maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and animals, both farmed and wild species- through effectively managed and diversified seed banks at national, regional and international level
- Focus on correcting and preventing trade restrictions within world agricultural markets and adopting measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets



#### 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

- To reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births by the year 2030
- To put an end to preventable deaths of new-borns and children under 5 years of age
- By 2030 aims to put an end to communicable diseases such as AIDS, as well as to reduce premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment
- To promote mental health and well-being
- To strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse
- By 2030 aims to ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services
- To achieve universal health coverage including financial risk protection and access to safe, effective, quality health-care services by the year 2030
- To reduce the number of deaths and illnesses caused by hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
- By 2020 aims to halve the number of global deaths and injuries caused by road traffic accidents
- To substantially increase health financing and recruitment, particularly in developing countries



### 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

- By 2030 aims to ensure that all girls and boys complete free quality primary and secondary education
- Certify equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality higher education including university by the year 2030
- To substantially increase the number of youth and adults with relevant skills for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship by the year 2030
- To eliminate gender disparities in education and to ensure equal access to all levels of education for all including persons in vulnerable situations
- Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
- By 2030 aims to ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development
- To substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers and teacher training in developing countries



#### 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

- To ensure equal access to education, health care, decent work and representation in political and economic decision making processes for all women and girls
- To end all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
- To ensure that all acts of violence against women and girls as well as harmful practices are effectively eliminated

- To ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development
- To undertake reforms to give women equal rights and access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property
- To adopt and strengthen policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and empowerment of all women and girls at all levels



- 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all
  - To achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all by the year 2030
  - To achieve access to adequate sanitation and hygiene for all, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
  - By 2030 aims to improve overall water quality and water-use efficiency across all sectors in order to ensure sustainable withdrawal and supply of fresh water
  - By 2020 aims to protect and restore all water-related ecosystems
  - To expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water-and sanitation-related activities and programmes by the year 2030
  - To strengthen the support of participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management



- 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all
  - To substantially increase the share of renewable energy on a global scale by 2030
  - To enhance international cooperation in order to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology

- To double the rate of improvement in energy efficiency by the year 2030
- By 2030 to expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in all varieties of developing countries



### 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

- To achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation
- To achieve higher levels of economic productivity, full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men including young people and persons with disabilities by the year 2030
- Equal pay for work of equal value by the year 2030
- To eradicate with immediate effect forced labour to end modern slavery and human trafficking
- To end child labour in all its forms by the year 2025
- To protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrant workers
- By 2030 aims to devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local products and cultures
- To develop and put into operation a global strategy for youth employment as well as to implement the Global Job Pact of the International Labour Organisation by the year 2020



### 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

- Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
- Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries
- Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets
- By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
- Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending
- Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States
- Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities
- Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020



#### 10: Reduce inequality among countries

- By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
- By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
- Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard
- Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality
- Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations
- Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decisionmaking in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
- Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
- Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements
- Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
- By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent



#### 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

- By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
- By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children,

persons with disabilities and older persons

- By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
- Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
- By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
- By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
- By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
- Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, perurban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
- By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels

• Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials



#### 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

- Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries
- By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
- By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses
- By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
- By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
- Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle
- Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities
- By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
- Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
- Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
- Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances,

including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities



#### 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

- Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
- Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning
- Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning
- Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible
- Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities



### 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

- By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution
- By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans
- Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels
- By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as

determined by their biological characteristics

- By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information
- By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation
- By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
- Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine

biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries

- Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets
- Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in UNCLOS, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of The Future We Want



## 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

- By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
- By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
- By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world
- By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development
- Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
- Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

- Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products
- By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species
- By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts
- Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
- Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation
- Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities

# 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

- Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
- End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
- Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all
- By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime
- Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
- Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels

- Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels
- Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance
- By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
- Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements



17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

- Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection
- Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries
- Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
- Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress
- Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries